

# DARK MATTER

ASTR 333/433

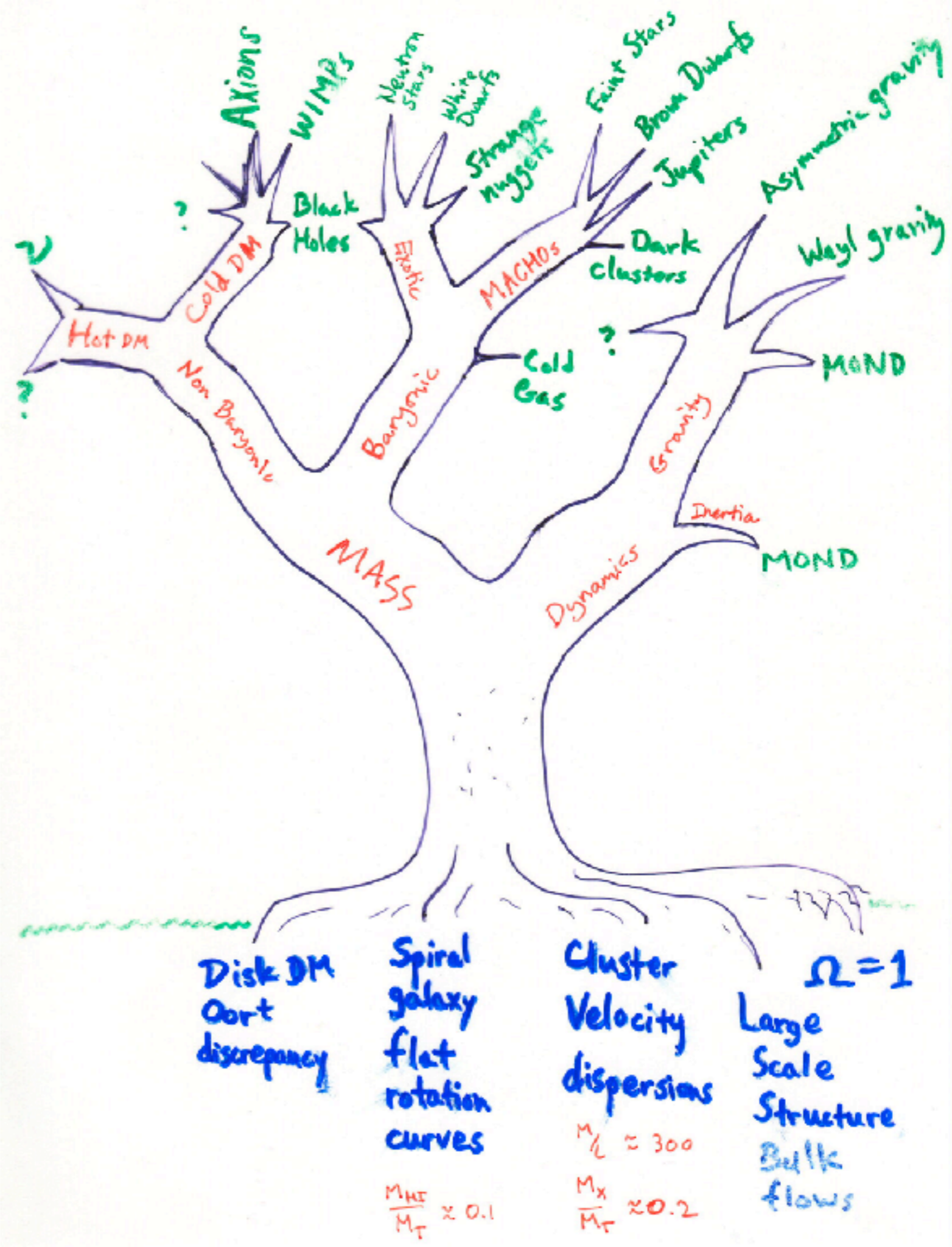
TODAY

WIMPS

WIMP DETECTION

ASTR 433 Projects  
4/17: distribute abstracts  
4/19: 20 minute talks

4/24: Homework 4 due  
4/26: Exam



# STANDARD MODEL OF ELEMENTARY PARTICLES

QUARKS

**UP**  
 mass  $2,3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $\frac{2}{3}$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**CHARM**  
 mass  $1,275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $\frac{2}{3}$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**TOP**  
 mass  $173,07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $\frac{2}{3}$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**DOWN**  
 mass  $4,8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $-\frac{1}{3}$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**STRANGE**  
 mass  $95 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $-\frac{1}{3}$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**BOTTOM**  
 mass  $4,18 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $-\frac{1}{3}$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$




LEPTONS


**ELECTRON**  
 mass  $0,511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $-1$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**MUON**  
 mass  $105,7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $-1$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**TAU**  
 mass  $1,777 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $-1$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**ELECTRON NEUTRINO**  
 mass  $<2,2 \text{ eV}/c^2$   
 charge  $0$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**MUON NEUTRINO**  
 mass  $<0,17 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $0$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$



**TAU NEUTRINO**  
 mass  $<15,5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $0$   
 spin  $\frac{1}{2}$




GAUGE BOSONS

**GLUON**  
 mass  $0$   
 charge  $0$   
 spin  $1$




**PHOTON**  
 mass  $0$   
 charge  $0$   
 spin  $1$



**Z BOSON**  
 mass  $91,2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $0$   
 spin  $1$



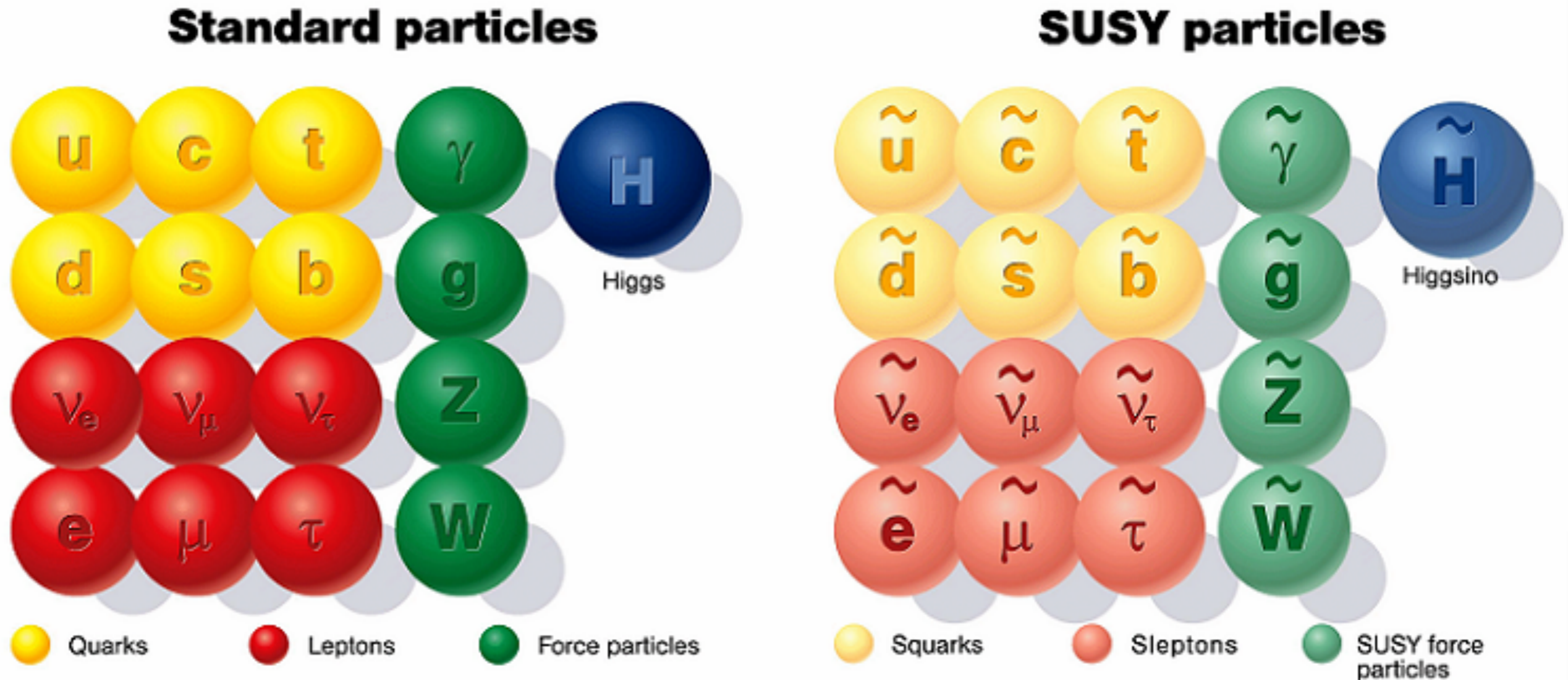
**W BOSON**  
 mass  $80,4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $\pm 1$   
 spin  $1$



**HIGGS BOSON**  
 mass  $126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 charge  $0$   
 spin  $0$



# Supersymmetry: a hypothetical new symmetry of nature



Every Standard Model particle has a superpartner. The lightest stable massive superparticle is the most favored WIMP candidate. Usually the neutralino (theory dependent).

# THE WIMP MIRACLE

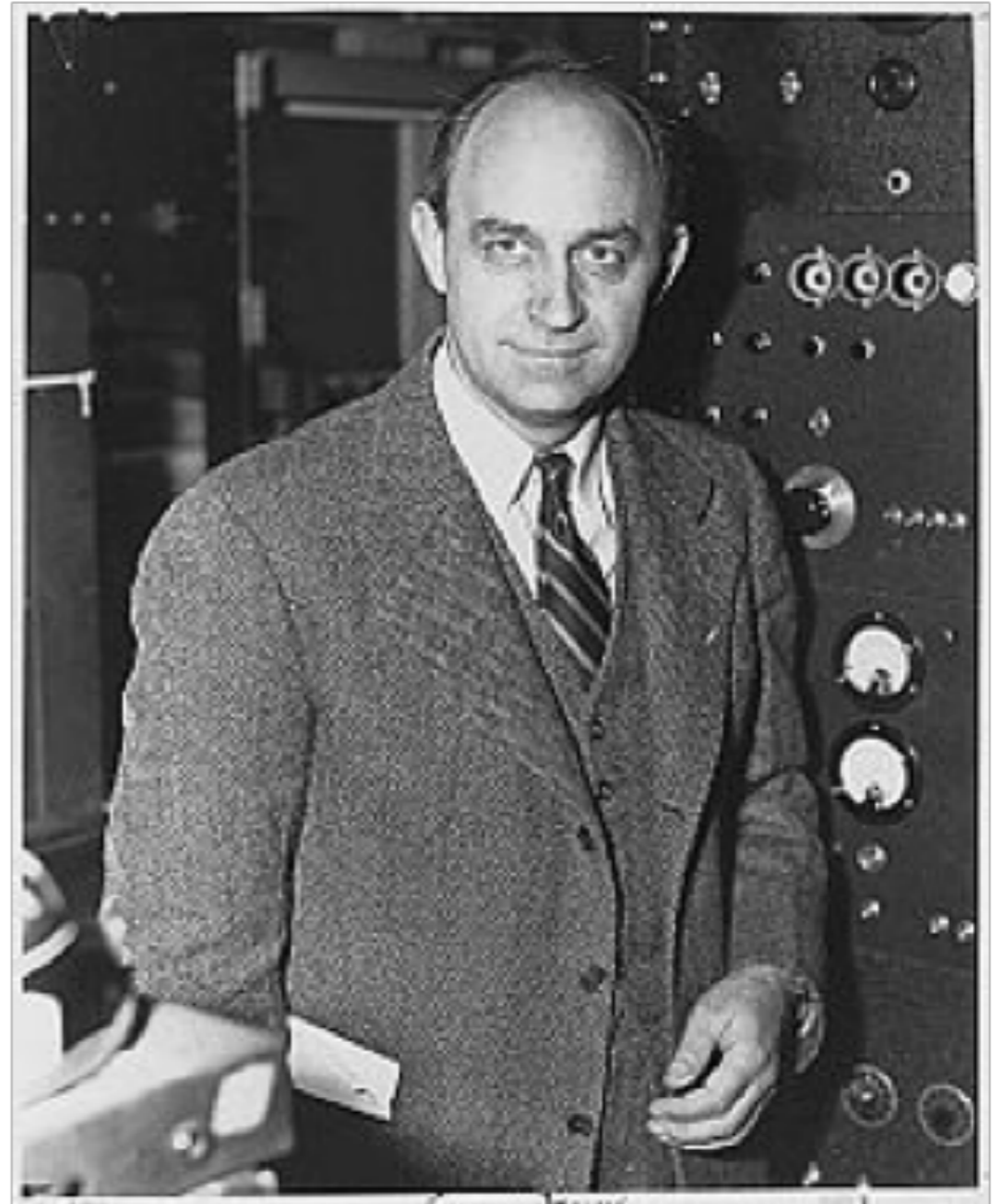
- Fermi's constant  $G_F$  introduced in 1930s to describe beta decay



- $G_F \approx 1.1 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-2} \rightarrow$  a new mass scale in nature

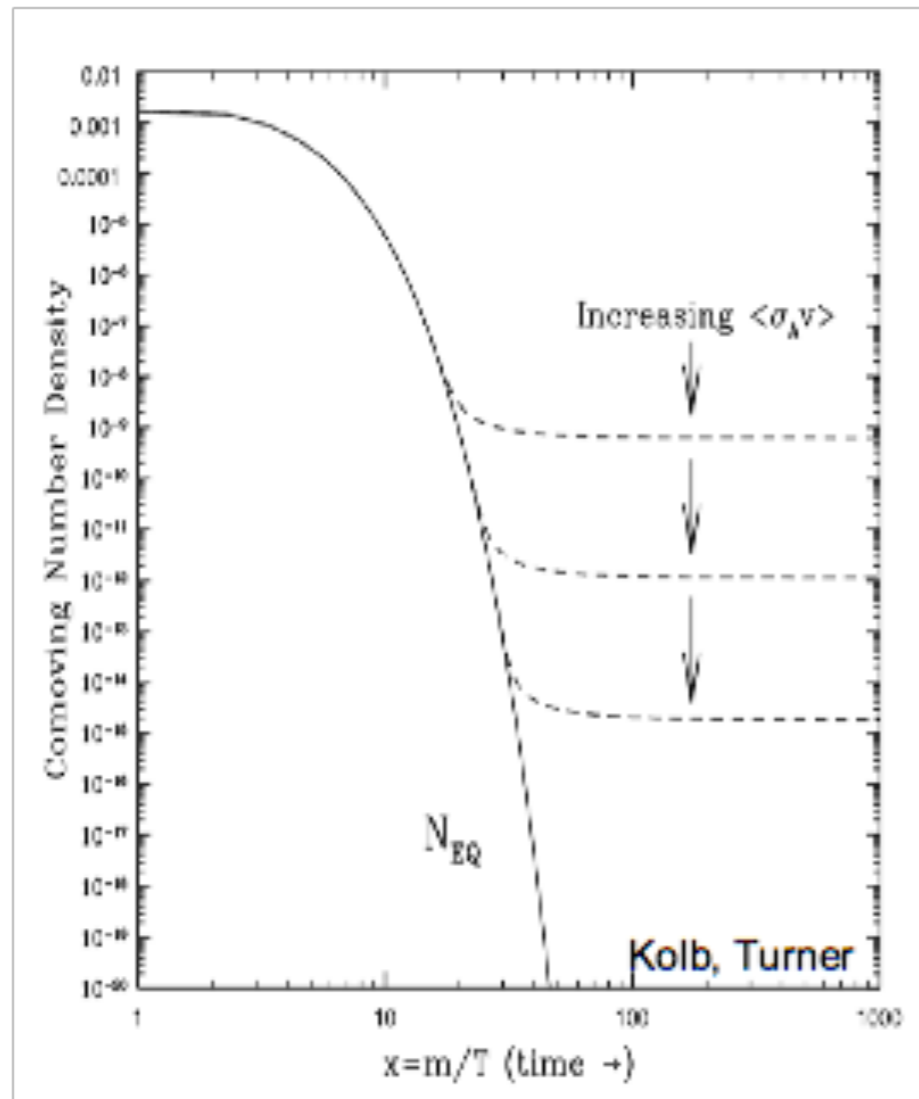
$$m_{\text{weak}} \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$$

- We still don't understand the origin of this mass scale, but every attempt so far introduces new particles at the weak scale



# THE WIMP MIRACLE

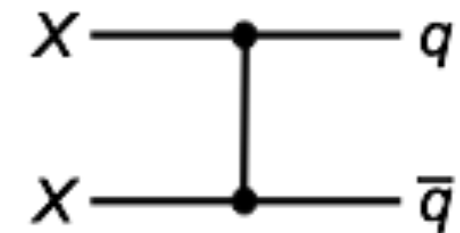
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7IbX7VxlrJQ>



- Assume a new (heavy) particle  $X$  is initially in thermal equilibrium

- Its relic density is

$$\Omega_X \propto \frac{1}{\langle\sigma v\rangle} \sim \frac{m_X^2}{g_X^4}$$



- $m_X \sim 100 \text{ GeV}, g_X \sim 0.6 \rightarrow \Omega_X \sim 0.1$

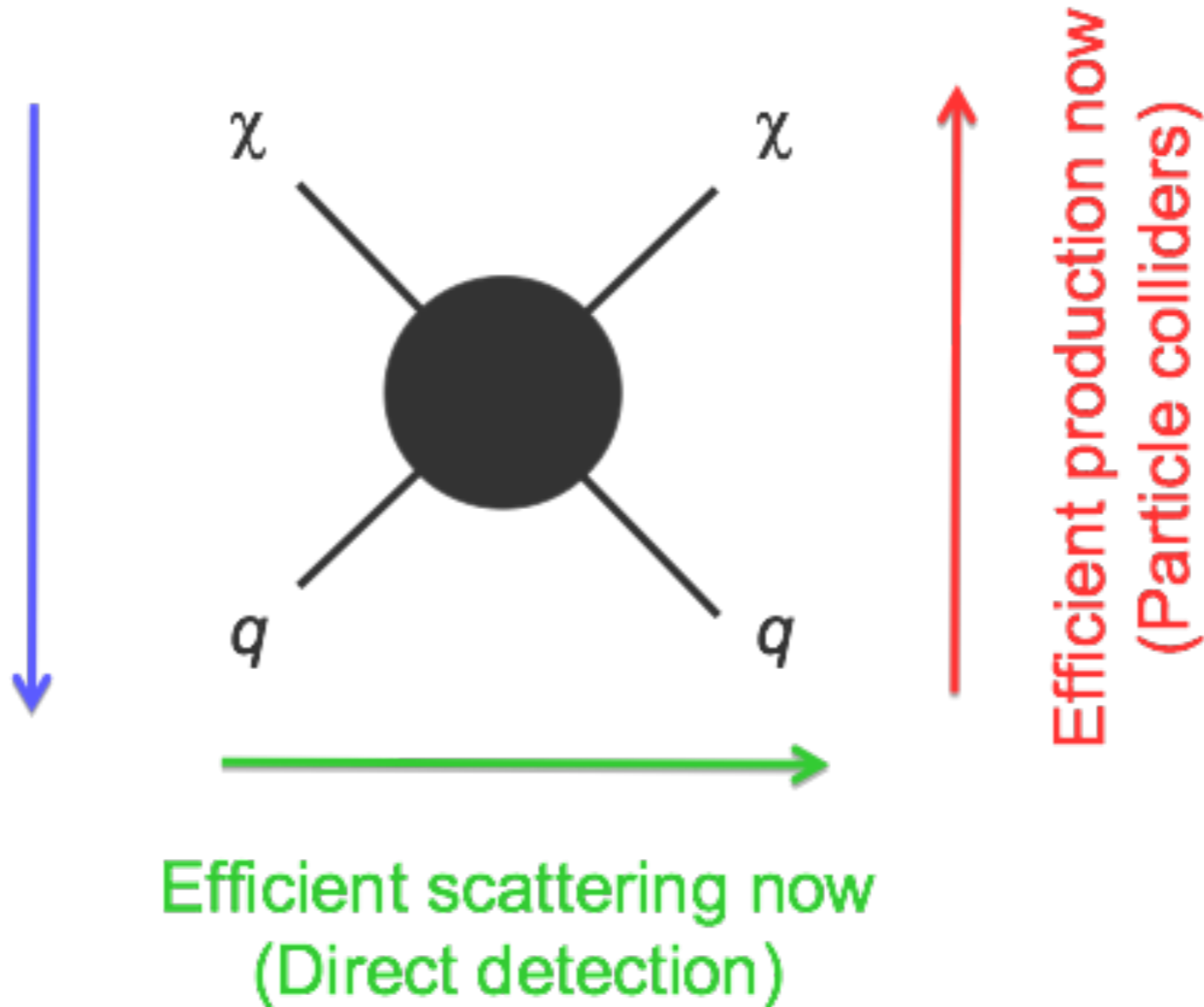
- Remarkable coincidence: particle physics independently predicts particles with the right density to be dark matter

# WIMP DETECTION

Correct relic density  $\rightarrow$  Lower bound on DM-SM interaction

WIMPs decay into  
standard model particles  
(gamma rays, cosmic rays)

Efficient annihilation now  
(Indirect detection)



WIMPs created in particle  
colliders (like the LHC)

WIMPs scatter off nuclei  
in underground  
laboratory experiments

# Experimental results to date (early 2018): nada

## Particle production

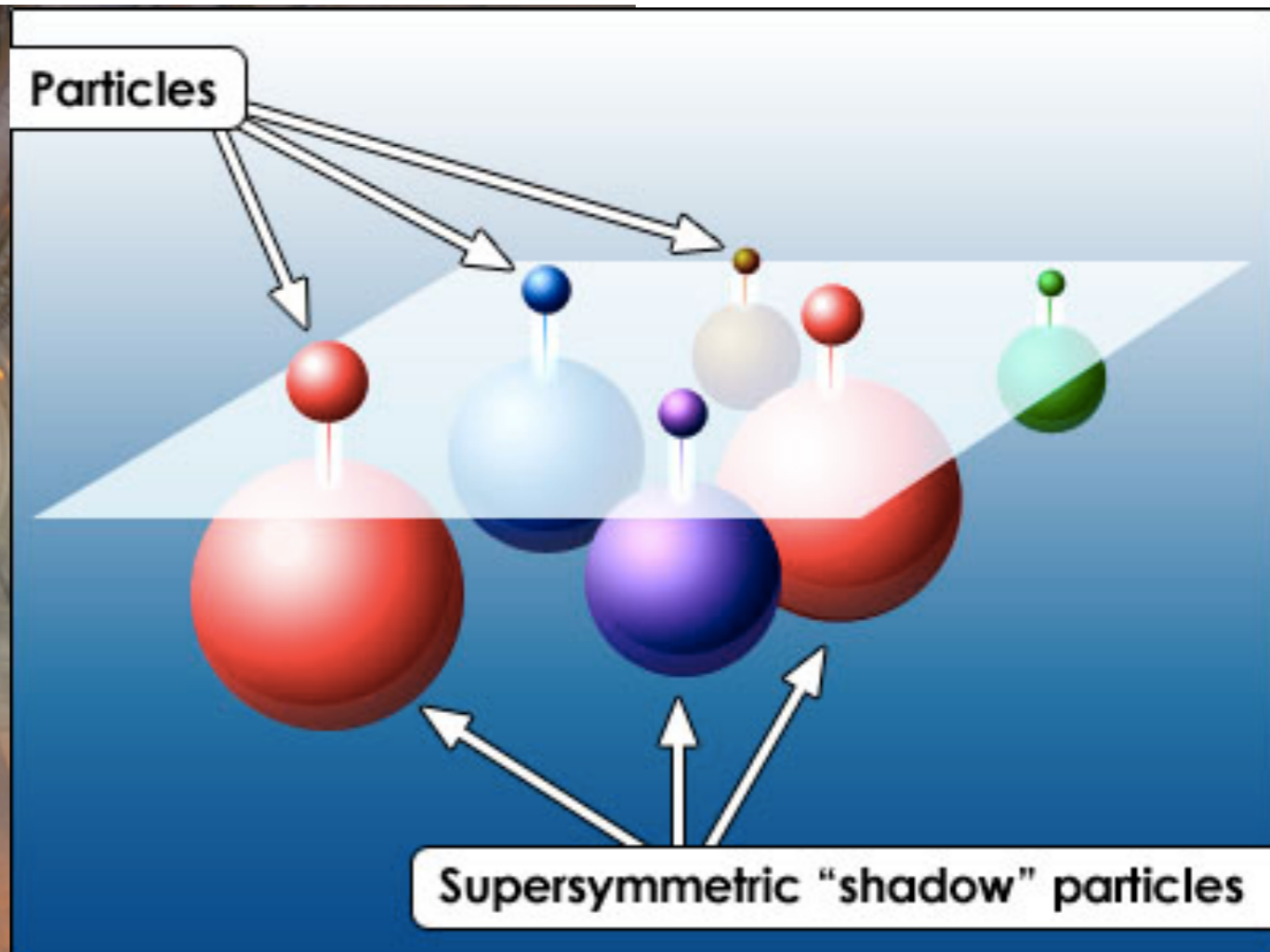
the LHC has discovered the Higgs

- a necessary ingredient for SUSY
- too “normal” for MSSM (minimal SUSY)

the LHC has NOT observed excess Bs meson decay

- the Golden Test for SUSY
- looking grim for MSSM, SUSY in general

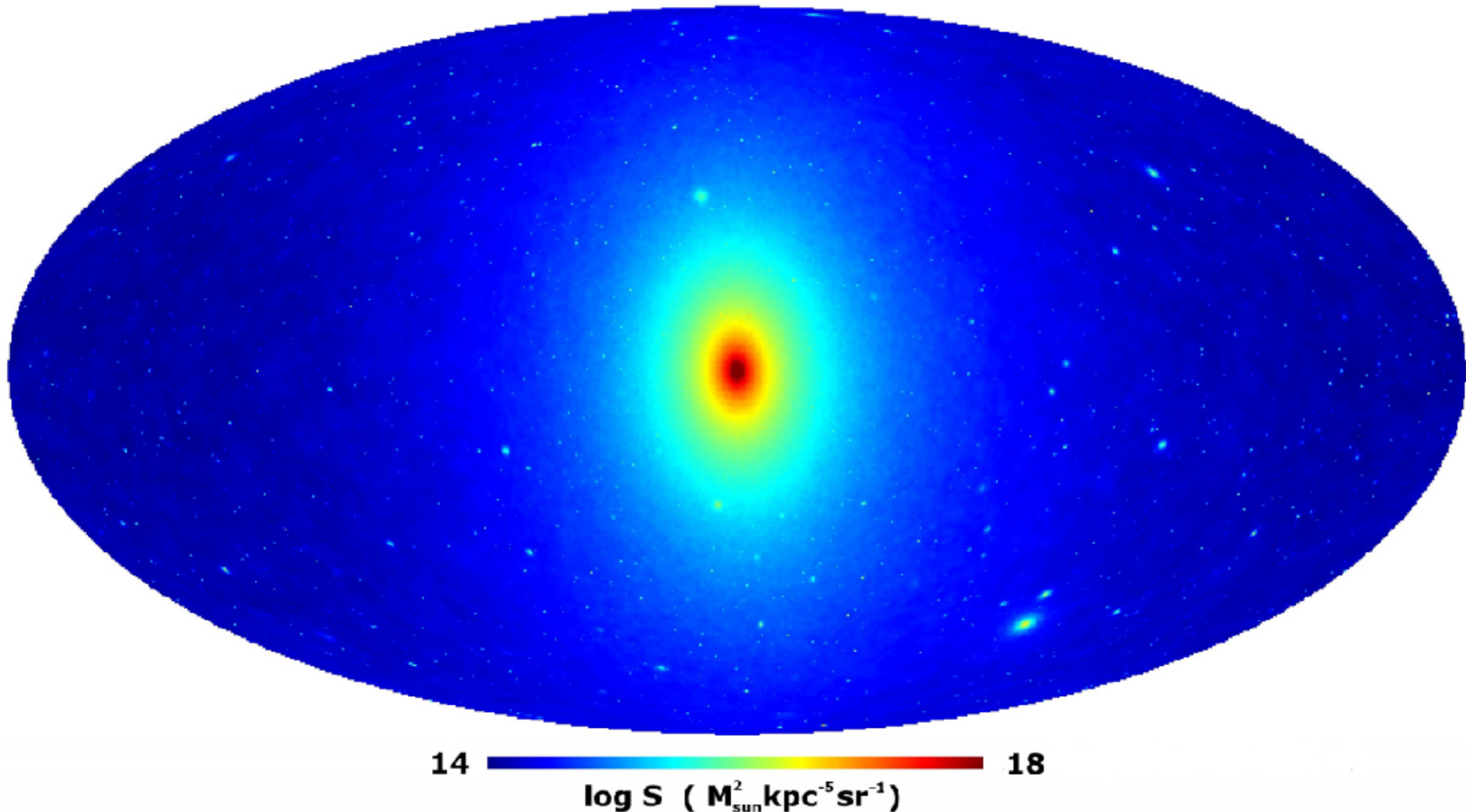
WIMPs created in the LHC  
would escape like a neutrino;  
would be noticed by non-  
conservation of mass-energy



Experimental results to date (early 2018): nada

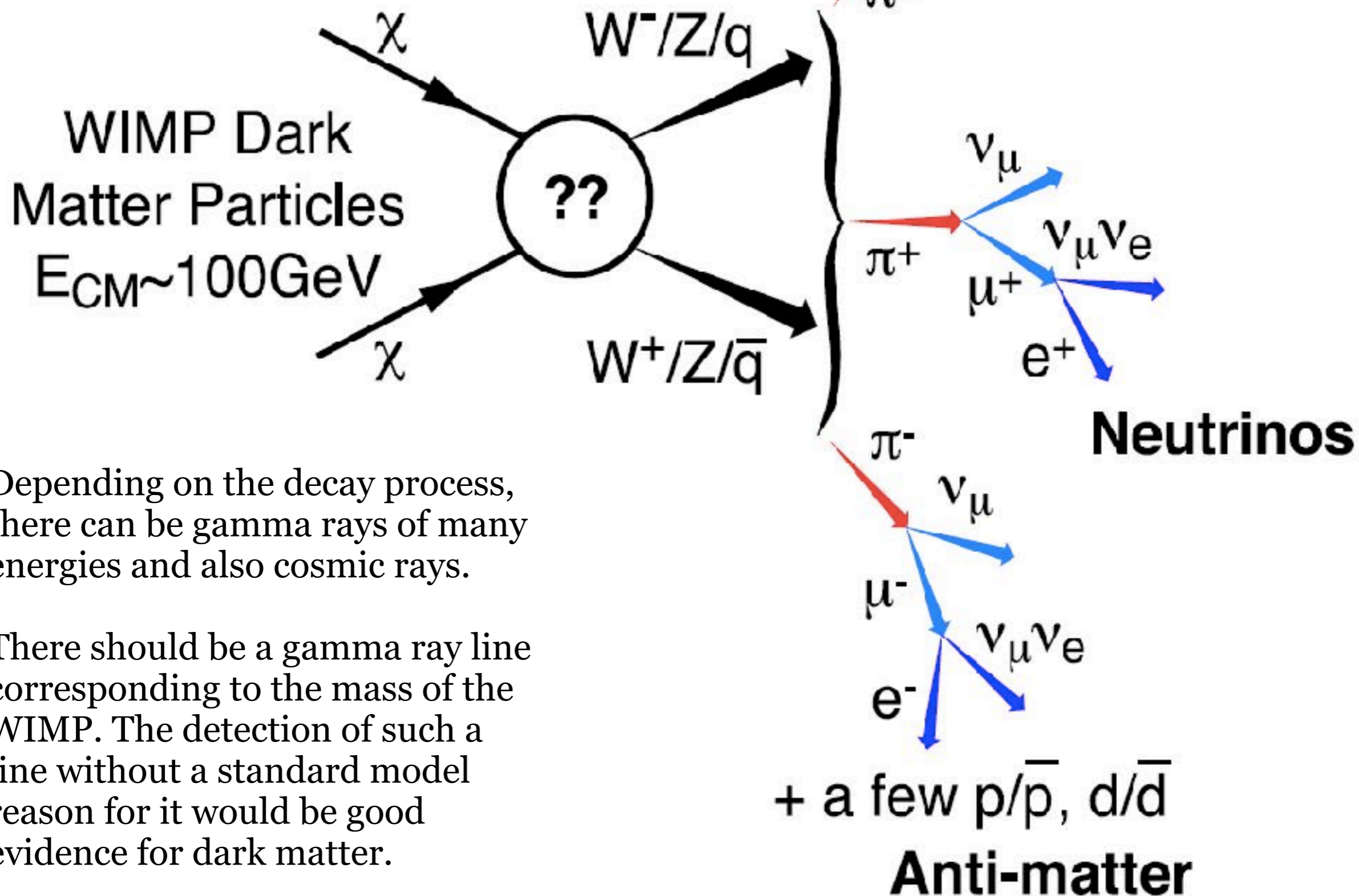
## Indirect detection

predicted gamma ray sky





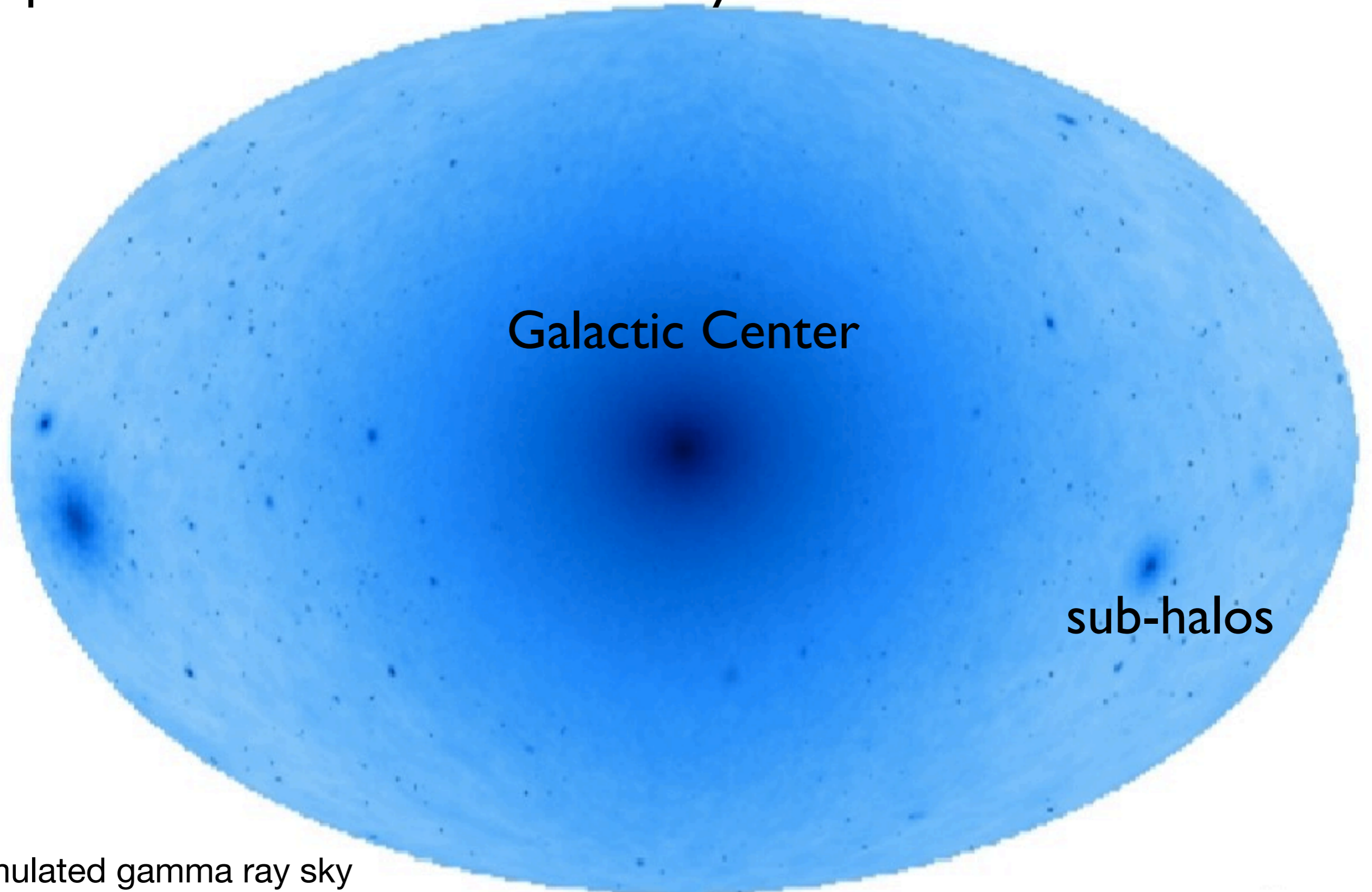
## Indirect detection:



Depending on the decay process, there can be gamma rays of many energies and also cosmic rays.

There should be a gamma ray line corresponding to the mass of the WIMP. The detection of such a line without a standard model reason for it would be good evidence for dark matter.

Experimental results to date (early 2018): nada  
gamma ray flux from WIMP self-annihilation scales as the  
square of the dark matter density.



simulated gamma ray sky

# Working out the expected gamma ray flux

Strigari (2018) Reviews of Modern Physics, 81, e6901

averaged annihilation  
cross-section

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle = \int d^3v P(v) \sigma(v)$$

$\sigma$  here is the interaction cross-section  
(not velocity dispersion)  
 $\sigma$  often assumed to be velocity  
independent, but doesn't have to be.

Probability of a dark matter particle having velocity  $v$

$$P(v) = \frac{\text{distribution function } f_{DM}(x, v)}{\text{dark matter density } \rho_{DM}(x)}$$

photon flux

photon spectrum

$$\frac{dF}{dE} = \frac{1}{4\pi m^2} \frac{dN}{dE} \int d\Omega \int d\ell \langle \sigma v \rangle [\rho_{DM}(r(\ell, \Omega))]^2$$

DM particle mass      solid angle      line-of-sight integral      dark matter density squared as projected on the sky

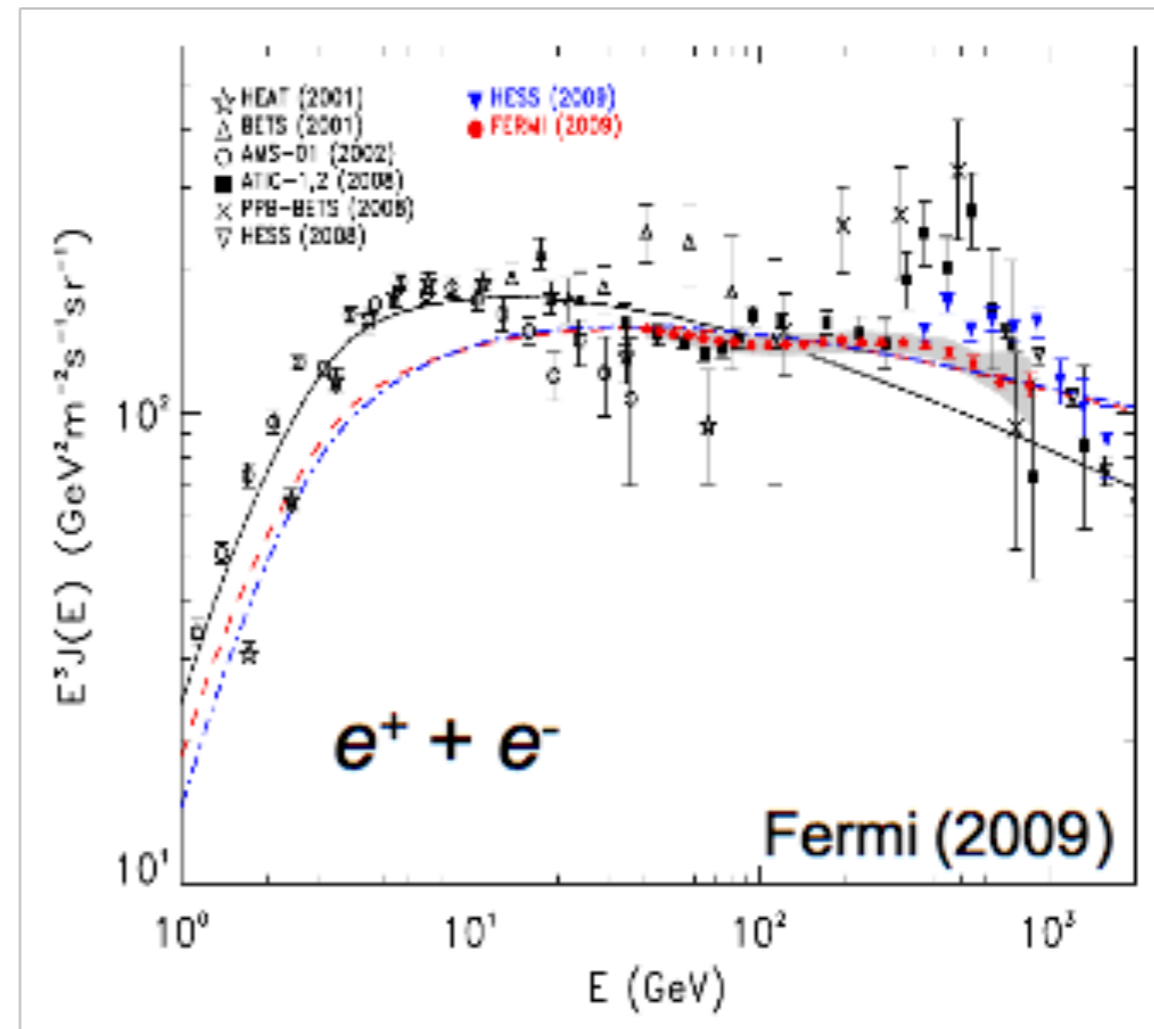
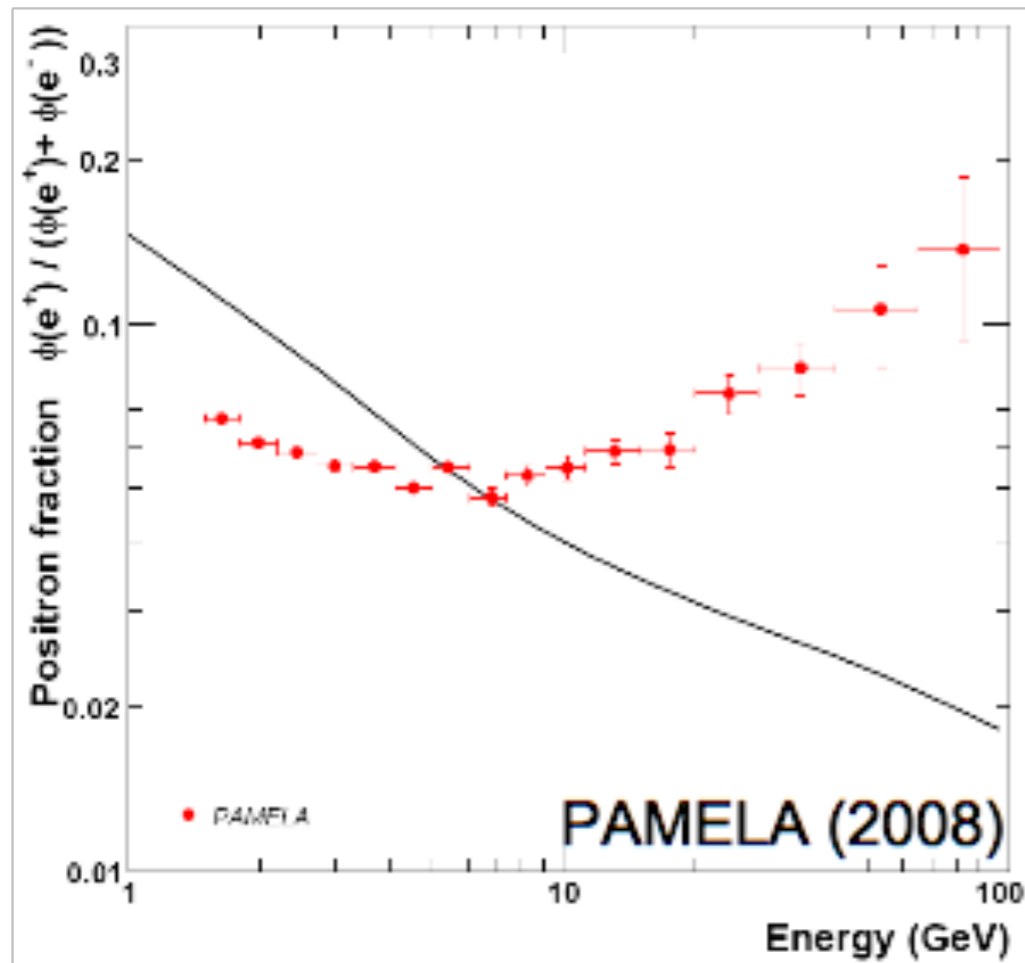
“ $J$  factor”

$$J = \int d\Omega \int d\ell [\rho_{DM}(r(\ell, \Omega))]^2$$

If the interaction cross-section is not velocity-dependent,  
then the flux depends only on the DM density profile.

# INDIRECT DETECTION

cosmic rays as DM decay products



Solid lines are the predicted spectra from GALPROP (Moskalenko, Strong)

*One must exclude astrophysical sources  
before claiming a detection of dark matter.*

From review by Feng et al. linked off course review literature page.

# ARE THESE DARK MATTER?

- Pulsars can explain PAMELA

Zhang, Cheng (2001); Hooper, Blasi, Serpico (2008)

Yuksel, Kistler, Stanev (2008)

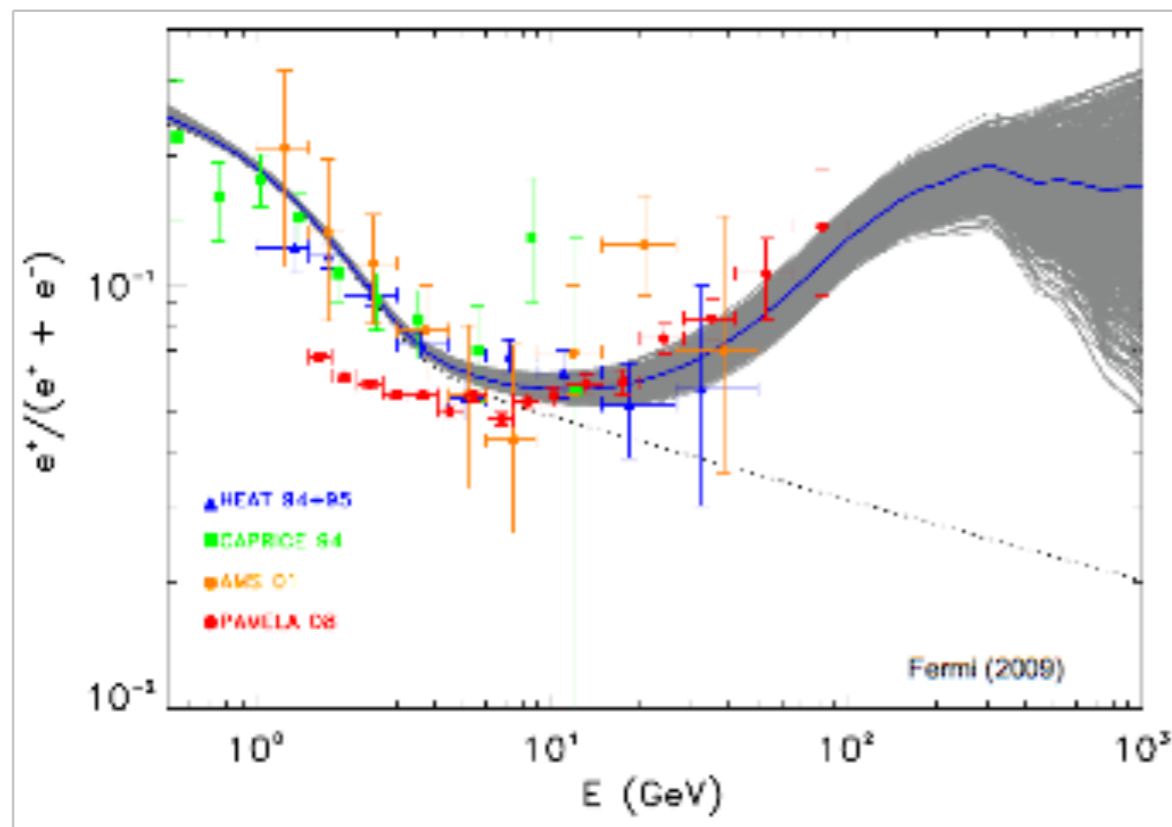
Profumo (2008) ; Fermi (2009)

- For dark matter, there is both good and bad news

- Good: the WIMP miracle motivates excesses at  $\sim 100$  GeV – TeV

- Bad: the WIMP miracle also tells us that the annihilation cross section should be a factor of 100-1000 too small to explain these excesses. Need enhancement from

- astrophysics (very unlikely)
- particle physics



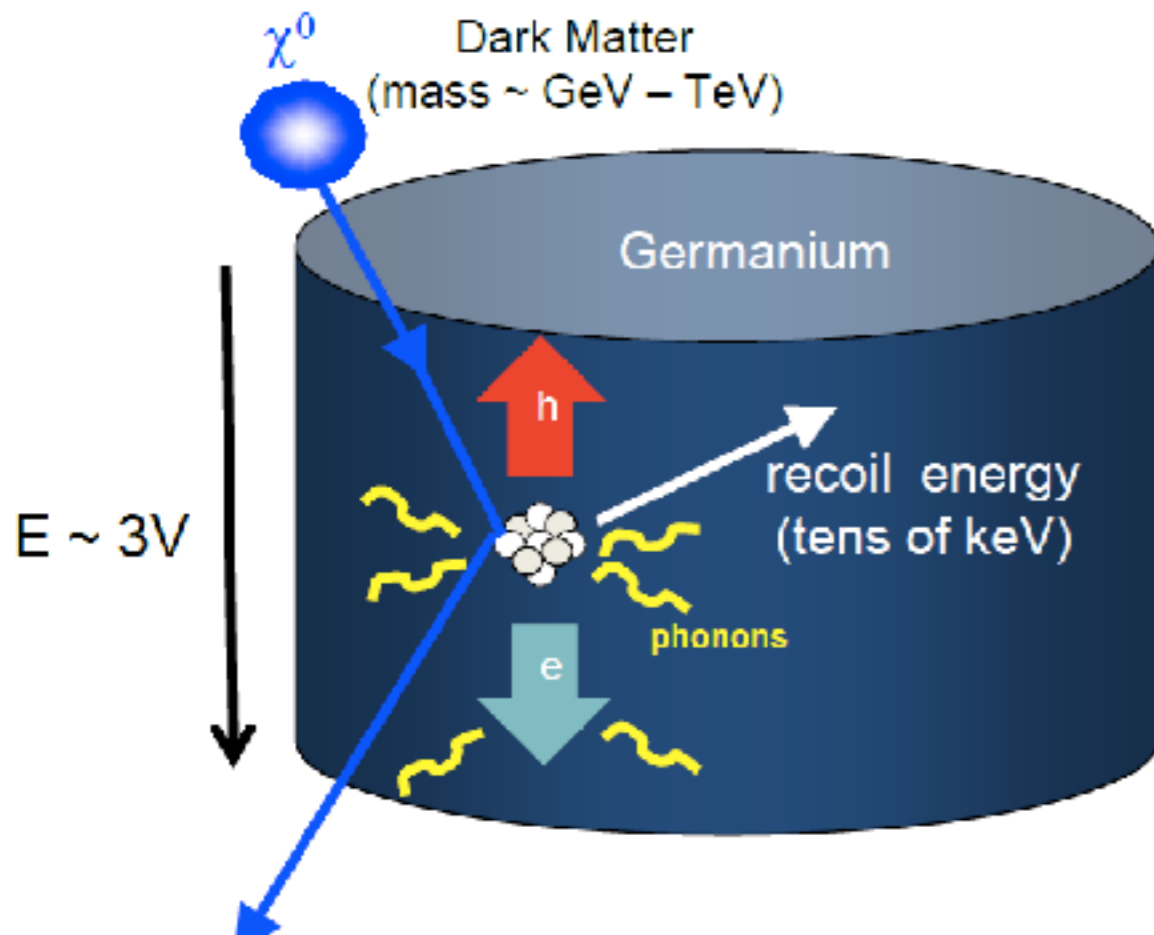
Experimental results to date (early 2016): nada

## Direct detection

Many, *many* experiments

CDMS, LUX, XENON, DAMA, PandaX, etc.

Basic idea: WIMP passing through detector interacts via weak force; scatters off nucleus. Detect deposited energy of recoil. (analogous to neutrino detection).

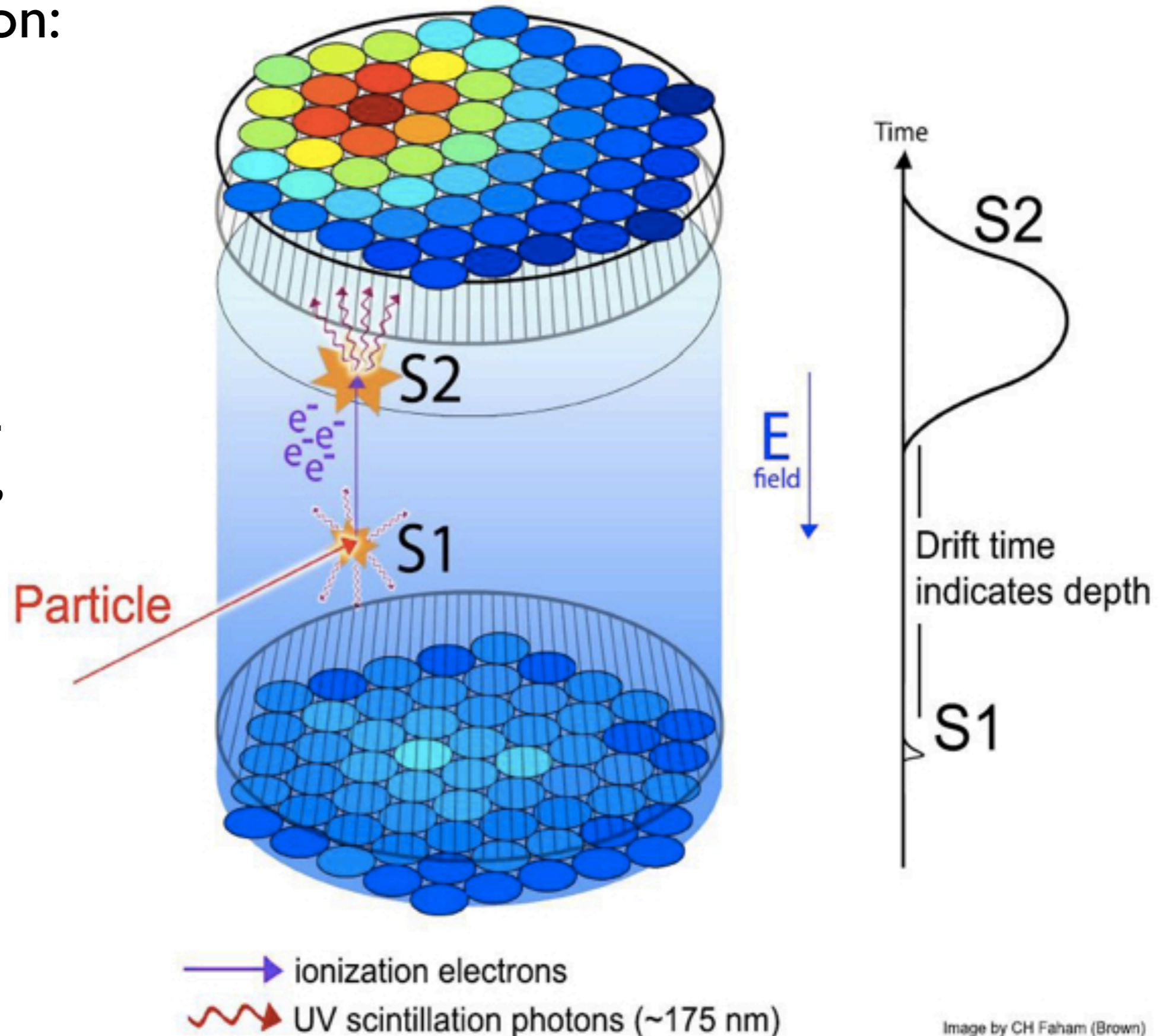


# Experimental results to date (early 2018): nada

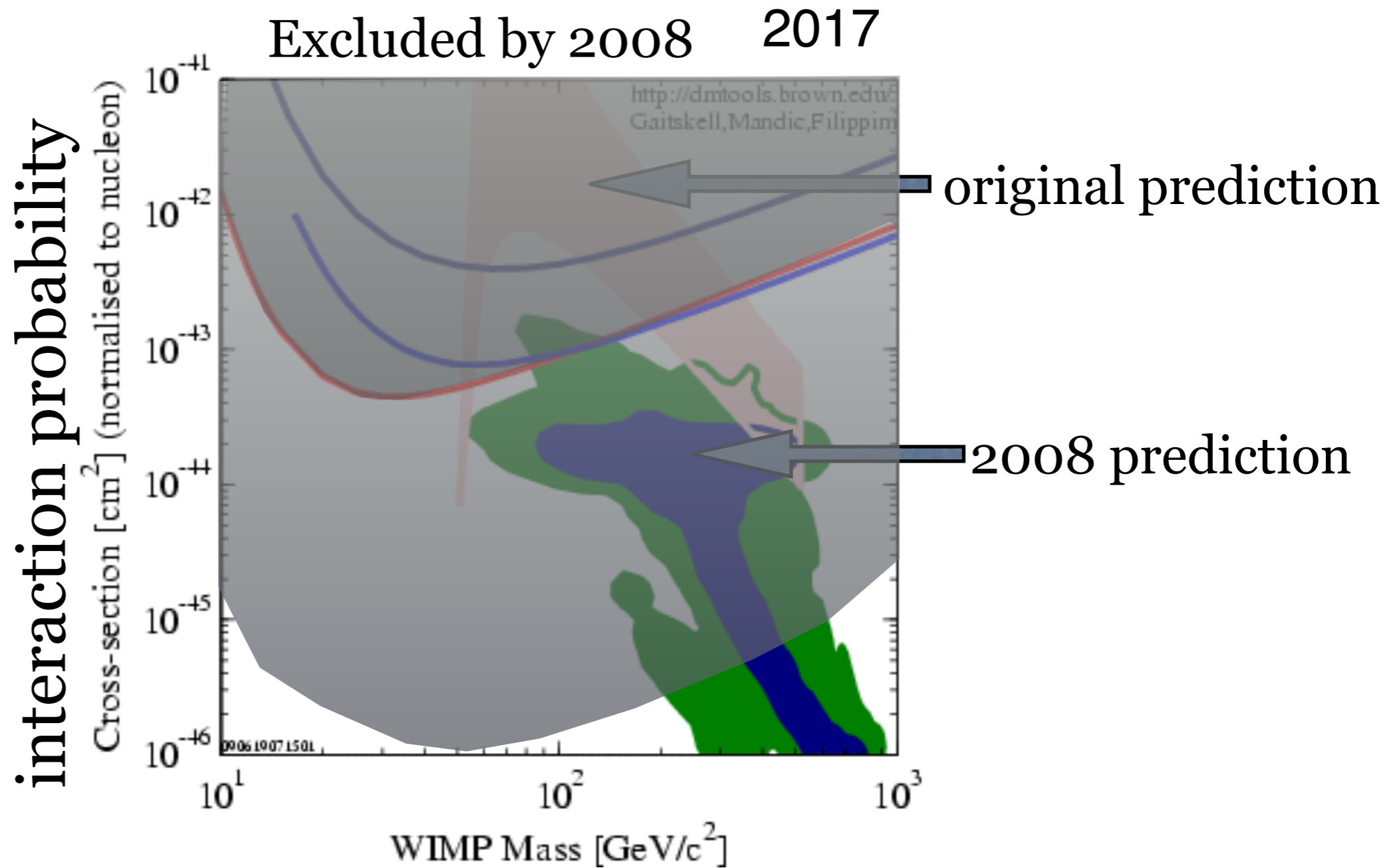
## Direct detection:

Must protect experiments from cosmic rays, natural radioactivity, self-radioactivity, etc., etc.

Bury them deep in mines.



# WIMPs are hiding

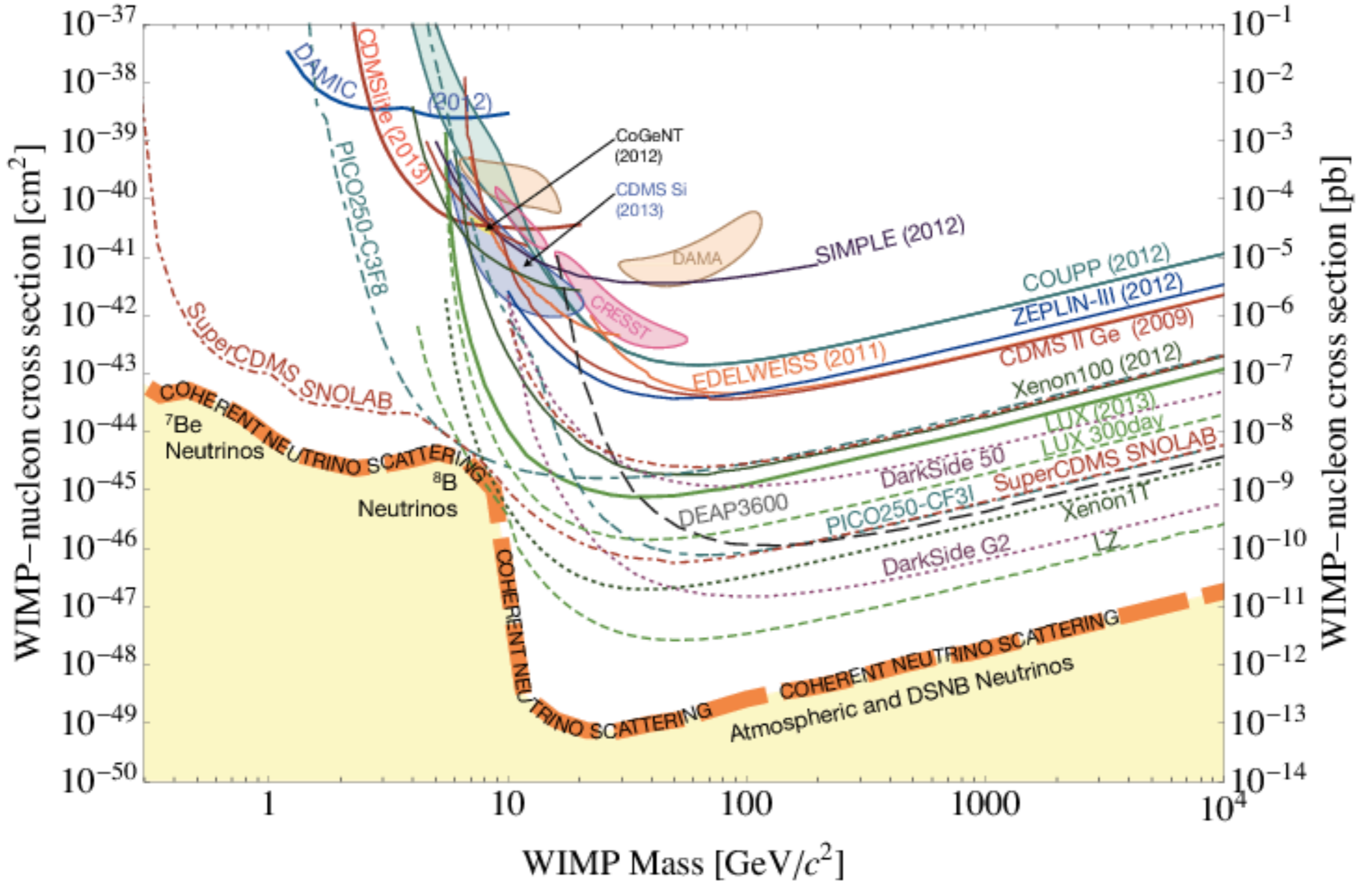


Mass of WIMP

WIMP detection experiments



cross section ( $10^{-39}$  then  $10^{-44}$  natural)



WIMP mass ( $\sim 100 \text{ GeV}$  natural)

# Experimental results to date (early 2018): nada

LHC: the LHC sees no indication of dark matter  
or even supersymmetry

Direct Detection: Nothing so far  
well, DAMA

Indirect Detection: Various claims  
gamma ray excess near Galactic Center  
cosmic ray excess  
unidentified X-ray lines

As yet: nothing credible.

